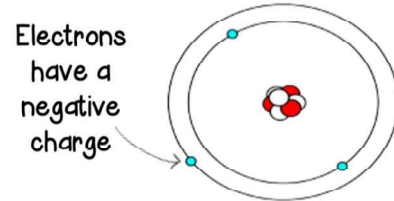


ELECTRIC CIRCUITS KEY

Think about your day so far. How many times did you use something that required electricity?

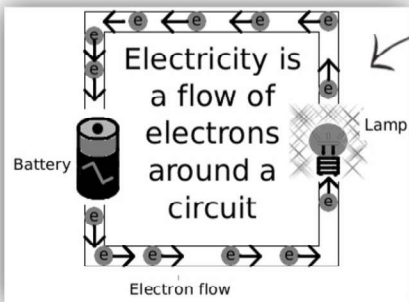
1. Everything around us that has **mass** and takes up **space** is made up of matter.

- a. Matter is made up of tiny particles called **atoms**.
- b. Atoms are made up of even smaller particles called **protons, neutrons, and electrons**.
- c. **Electrons** can move from one atom to another.

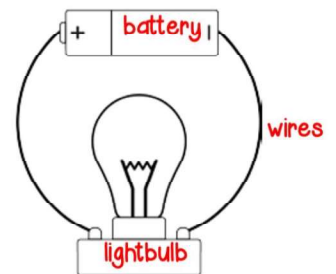


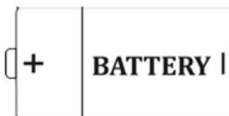



2. When electrons move along wires, this is called **electric current**.

A simple circuit must have:



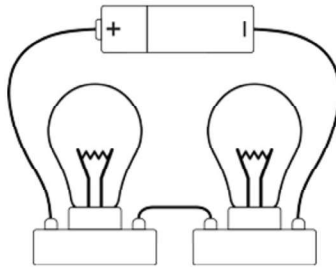
Electric circuit: a closed path along which electrons can flow.



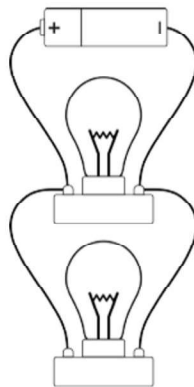
<p>This part gives up electrons (pushes them out)</p>  <p>This part takes in electrons.</p>	<p>Wires have two parts: a metal part and a plastic part.</p> 
<p>Wires in a circuit are usually made out of copper. Electrons move easily from atoms to atoms in a metal because metals are conductors. The rubber coating is an insulator which makes the wire safe to touch.</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the switch is up, the circuit is open. • If the switch is down, the circuit is closed. 

TYPES OF CIRCUITS

In a series circuit, there is only one path for current to flow.



In a parallel circuit, there is more than one path for current to flow.



What type of circuit do you think homes have? Why?

- Your home is made up of parallel circuits.
- Each outlet is connected to a circuit box.



- To protect your house, the circuit box has a safety feature called a circuit breaker.
- When a circuit overheats, it melts a that opens the circuit.